PREFACE

I am pleased to present the Financial Statements of the Government of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa for the year ended 30 June, 2010 together with the Auditors' Reports thereon.

The Financial Statements of the Government of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa for the financial year 2009-10 have been prepared by the Accountant General Khyber Pakhtunkhwa under Section 5 of the Controller General of Accounts (Appointment, Functions and Powers) Ordinance, 2001 and are the responsibility of the Controller General of Accounts (CGA).

In response to the changing nature of stakeholders' requirements for making informed decision making based on financial information and developments in the public sector accounting standards, the role of CGA has transformed. Stakeholders now expect high quality, reliable and relevant financial reports and the focus of CGA is not limited to reporting historical results, but is now constantly moving towards enhancing public value, by providing the legislature and the executive through the Financial Statements an insight of the Government's financial performance.

In December 2000, Auditor General of Pakistan prescribed New Accounting Model (NAM) with the approval of the President of Pakistan under Article 170 of the Constitution of Islamic Republic of Pakistan. NAM, which conforms to international best practices, comprises of seven volumes and is based on Modified Cash Basis of Accounting in which, through cash basis of accounting is followed, the following additional concepts were introduced:

- Commitment Accounting
- Physical and Financial Assets Accounting
- Liabilities Accounting

Commitment Accounting has been initiated but assets and liability accounting practices are not yet implemented and these financial statements have been prepared on cash basis of accounting and do not include accrued receipts and liabilities.

The current year's Financial Statements have been prepared under NAM and the format of International Public Sector Accounting Standards (IPSAS) Cash Basis – Financial Reporting under the Cash Basis of Accounting has been adopted for the preparation of these Financial Statements.

These Financial Statements focus on reporting the budgetary activity of the Government for the financial year as laid down in the financial procedures of the Constitution which describes the Government as Provincial Consolidated Fund and Public Account for which Annual Budget Statement is authorized by Provincial Assembly in the form of Budgetary Grants.

Date:	Controller General of Accounts
Islamabad, Pakistan	Sd/
decision making critical to the nation's fiscal future.	
reliability of financial reports. Through excellent financia	al reporting we are committed to support the
are working closely to address the challenges and issues	which can limit the quality, transparency and
in public sector financial accounting and reporting. Mov	ing forward, management and staff of CGA
Finally, it is important to emphasize the value of sustain	ed and dedicated efforts towards excellence



Auditor General of Pakistan Audit House, Constitution Avenue Islamabad, Pakistan

AUDITOR'S REPORT

The office of the Auditor General of Pakistan has audited the accompanying Financial Statement of the Government of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa (KP), which comprise the statement of cash receipts and payments for the year ended 30 June, 2010, statement of cash flows, statement of comparison of budget and actual amounts by function, statement of comparison of budget and actual expenditure by department for the year ended and summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes.

Management's Responsibility

These Financial Statements have been prepared by the Accountant General KP under Section 5 of the Controller General of Accounts (Appointment, Functions and Powers) Ordinance 2001. These Financial Statements are the responsibility of the Controller General of Accounts.

Auditor's Responsibility

The responsibility of the Auditor General's office is to express an opinion on these financial Statements based on the audit in accordance with the requirement of Article 169 of the Constitution of the Islamic Republic of Pakistan read with Section 7 of the Auditor General's (Functions, Powers and Terms and Conditions of Service) Ordinance 2001.

Basis of Opinion

The audit was conducted in accordance with auditing standards issued by the International Organization of Supreme Audit Institution. These standards require that audit is planned and performed to obtain reasonable assurance to the effect that the Financial Statements are free of material misstatement. The audit process includes examining, on a test check basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the Financial Statements. It is also includes assessing the accounting principles used, as well as evaluating overall presentation of the Financial Statements. The audit results provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion"

- a). These Financial Statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial performance of the Government of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa for the year ended 30 June 2010, its cash flows, comparison of budget and actual amounts by function and comparison of budget and actual expenditure by department for the year ended in accordance with the stated accounting policies of the Government of KP.
- B). The sums expended have been applied, in all material respects, for the purposes authorized by the provincial Assembly.

Emphasis of Matter

Without qualifying our opinion, we draw attention to statement of cash receipts and payments and note 7.11 to the Financial Statements. Under IPSAS Cash Basis disclosure of third party payments is mandatory part of the General Purpose Financial Statements and should be disclosed separately on the face of the statement of cash receipts and payments of the Government of KP. The Government has disclosed third party payments as nil on the basis that neither the Government has been formally advised by the third party or the recipient nor such payments have been otherwise verified. The existing accounting and financial reporting system of the Government needs to be strengthened to fully capture third party payments.

Other Reports

Reports covering significant aspects of the financial governance or economical and effective utilization of public resources are submitted separately to the Governor under Article 171 of the Constitution of the Islamic Republic of Pakistan.

Islamabad, Pakistan Sd/
Date:19th January, 2011 Auditor General of Pakistan

Statement of Cash Receipts and Payments For the Year Ended 30 June 2010

PROVINCIAL CONSOLIDATED FUND	Note	2010 Rupees in Million		Rupees R		2009 Rupe in Mill	-	
RECEIPTS		Receipt / Payment controlled by the Government	Payments by Third Parties	Receipt / Payment controlled by the Government	Payments by Third Parties			
Taxation- Transfers from Federal Government	8	75,862	-	61,341	-			
Taxation- Provincial Government's own collection	9	2,327	-	2,302	-			
Non-Tax Revenue and Other Receipts	**	1.105						
General Administration	10	1,126	-	901	-			
Economic Services Development Surcharge and Royalties	11 12	1,253 4,230	-	1,052 4,091	-			
Interest on Loans and Advances	13	293		116				
Dividend and Profit Share	14	17,312		3,507				
Others	15	866		757	_			
		25,080	-	10,424	-			
Grants and Aid	16	32,013	-	20,397	-			
Borrowings								
Foreign Debt	17	3,770		2,926	-			
Domestic Debt	18	49		77	-			
		3,819	-	3,003	-			
Capital Receipts								
Investment Recovery		21	-	23	-			
Recovery of Loans and Advances	19	72	-	104	-			
		93	-	127	-			
Trading Activities	20	13,627	-	15,377	-			
Receipts of District Governments	21	221	_	463	-			
TOTAL RECEIPTS		153,042		113,434	_			

Statement of Cash Receipts and Payments For the Year Ended 30 June 2010

	Note	2010 Rupees in Million		Rupees Vote in Million		2009 Rupe in Mill	es
		Receipt / Payment controlled by the Government	Payments by Third Parties	Receipt / Payment controlled by the Government	Payments by Third Parties		
PAYMENTS							
Operations							
Salaries and Employee Benefits	22	27,206	-	20,715	-		
Operating Expenses	23	33,053 60,259	-	27,209 47,924	-		
Transfers							
Grants, Subsidies and Write-off of Loans	24	3,030	-	3,173	-		
Other Transfer Payments		3,162	_	2,503	-		
		6,192	-	5,676	-		
Expenditure on							
Physical Assets	25	3,295	-	1,460	-		
Civil Works	26	30,865	-	24,427	-		
		34,160	-	25,887	-		
Debt and Interest Payments							
Principal Repayment of Debt	27	3,648	-	3,678	-		
Servicing of Debt	28	6,711	-	6,398	-		
		10,359	-	10,076	-		
Other Payments							
Loans and Advances	29	50	-	34	-		
Investments		11,882	- 1	303			
		11,932	-	337			
Payments of District Governments	30	40,525	_	35,237	_		
TOTAL PAYMENTS		163,427		125,137			
NET PAYMENT OF PROVINCIAL CONSOLIDATED FUND		(10,385)	-	(11,703)	-		
NET RECEIPT OF PUBLIC ACCOUNT	31	11,019	-	4,894	-		
DECREASE IN CASH		634	_	(6,809)	_		
CASH AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR		(2,616)	-	4,193	-		
DECREASE IN CASH		634	-	(6,809)	-		
CASH AT THE END OF THE YEAR	32	(1,982)		(2,616)			
					_		

The annexed notes 1 to 37 form an integral part of these Financial Statemer.



GOVERNMENT OF KHYBER PAKHTUNKHWA Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended 30 June 2010

in Million in	2009 Rupees Million 61,341
in Million in	Million
CARLELOW EDOM ODED ATING A CTUATIES	61,341
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	61,341
Taxation- Transfers from Federal Government 8 75,862	
Taxation- Provincial Government's own collection 9 2,327	2,302
Non-Tax Revenue and Other Receipts 25,080	10,424
Grants and Aid - Receipts 16 32,013	20,397
Trading Activities - Receipts 20 13,627 1	15,377
Operations- Payments (60,259)	(47,924)
Servicing of Debt - Payments 28 (6,711)	(6,398)
Transfers - Payments (6,192)	(5,676)
Receipts of District Government 21 221 221	463
Payments of District Governments- Revenue Expenditure 30 (37,747)	(33,143)
Cash from Operating Activities 38,221	17,163
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Investment Recovery 21	23
Recovery of Loans and Advances 19 72	104
Expenditure on Physical Assets 25 (3,295)	(1,460)
Expenditure on Civil Works 26 (30,865)	(24,427)
Payments of Loans and Advances 29 (50)	(34)
Investments (11,882)	(303)
Payment of District Government - Capital Expenditure 30 (2,778)	(2,094)
Cash used in Investing Activities (48,777)	(28,191)
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Receipt of Foreign Debt 17 3,770	2,926
Receipt of Domestic Debt 18 49	77
Principal Repayment of Debt 27 (3,648)	(3,678)
Net Receipt of Public Account 31 11,019	4,894
Cash from Financing Activities 11,190	4,219
	1,225
DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 634	(6,809)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR (2,616)	4,193
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR 32 (1,982)	(2,616)

The annexed notes 1 to 37 form an integral part of these Financial Statements.

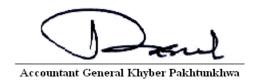


Accountant General Khyber Pakhtunkhwa

Statement of Comparison of Budget and Actual Amounts by Function For the Year Ended 30 June 2010 $\,$

	2010			2009 (Rupees in Million)			
	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	
	Origional	Revised	Amounts	Origional	Revised	Amounts	
RECEIPTS							
Revenue							
Taxation	81,661	79,509	78,189	90,585	90,197	63,643	
Non-Taxation	122,091	103,039	70,720	10,295	9,787	46,198	
Total revenue receipts	203,752	182,548	148,909	100,880	99,984	109,841	
Capital							
Domestic Debt	2,500	1,000	49	8,300	1,500	77	
Foreign Debt	4,463	3,869	3,770	3,837	4,864	2,926	
Recoveries of Loans and Advances	400	400	72	400	400	104	
Recoveries of Investments		-	21	-	- 11	23	
Total capital receipts	7,363	5,269	3,912	12,537	6,764	3,130	
Receipts of District Government	-	-	40,293	-	-	34,524	
TOTAL RECEIPTS	211,115	187,817	193,114	113,417	106,748	147,495	
PAYMENTS							
Revenue							
General Public Service	54,795	69,392	65,972	48,160	52,044	48,508	
Public Order and Safety Affairs	12,511	21,975	21,956	8,013	11,189	10,732	
Economic Affairs	7,387	8,366	7,186	6,717	7,520	6,886	
Environment Protection	42	43	27	34	35	25	
Housing and Community Amenities	2,025	2,070	1,576	1,410	748	880	
Health Affairs and Services	6,665	7,406	5,052	5,258	5,405	3,950	
Recreation, Culture and Religion	355	469	437	280	346	303	
Education Affairs and Services	6,647	7,862	7,359	4,265	6,045	5,270	
Social Protection	1,003	5,239	4,558	366	2,160	1,238	
Total revenue payments	91,430	122,822	114,123	74,503	85,492	77,792	
<u>Capital</u>		l l	ll				
General Public Service	7,662	8,097	4,976	15,598	15,568	6,240	
Public Order and Safety Affairs	58	58	76	40	40	13	
Economic Affairs	93,134	95,185	25,795	64,528	66,037	26,379	
Environment Protection	3,033	3,121	1,547	1,200	1,200	1,119	
Housing and Community Amenities	10,546	10,546	7,575	5,365	7,180	5,109	
Health Affairs and Services	2,367	2,367	2,154	3,508	3,508	2,267	
Recreation, Culture and Religion	151	151	104	125	125	101	
Education Affairs and Services	5,745	7,309	6,577	5,634	5,461	4,884	
Social Protection	55	55	47	58	58	57	
Total capital payments	122,751	126,889	48,851	96,056	99,177	46,169	
Payments of District Government	35,620	40,917	40,525	31,142	36,657	35,237	
TOTAL PAYMENTS	249,801	290,628	203,499	201,701	221,326	159,198	

The annexed notes 1 to 37 form an integral part of these Financial Statements.



Statement of Comparison of Budget and Actual Expenditure by Department For the Year Ended 30 June 2010

	2010 Rupees in Million			2009	Rupees in N	upees in Million	
DEPARTMENT	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	
Note	Origional	Revised	Amounts	Origional	Revised	Amounts	
Agriculture, Livestock & Cooperation	3,633	3,755	2,064	3,403	3,470	1,575	
Board of Revenue	423	451	215	122	1,148	153	
Education	9,435	11,778	10,786	7,832	9,374	7,944	
Environment, Forestry, Wild life	1,249	1,351	1,039	1,198	1,323	848	
Excise and Taxation	51	96	94	25	53	51	
Finance	57,927	72,402	67,109	58,779	61,015	50,657	
Food	79,257	79,257	15,251	50,937	50,937	17,296	
Health	10,032	11,052	8,433	9,688	9,888	7,313	
Home and Tribal Affairs	10,315	19,323	19,428	7,139	9,954	9,544	
Industries	2,183	2,380	2,076	1,903	1,932	1,047	
Information	71	107	83	55	78	70	
Irrigation and Power	4,316	4,594	3,903	5,556	5,639	3,507	
Law	309	309	314	251	251	271	
High Court	782	1,194	1,109	563	845	795	
Local Governance	9,727	9,888	8,637	8,100	9,269	8,804	
Population, Planning and Welfare Department	613	617	523	495	498	443	
Planning and Development	1,729	1,730	198	2,222	2,898	306	
Provincial Assembly	242	258	252	167	218	216	
Administration and Establishment	1,309	1,666	1,776	1,108	1,978	1,946	
Works and Services	18,854	21,480	14,606	10,060	11,127	9,433	
Zakat and Ushr	260	278	253	219	258	212	
Science and Information Technology	175	175	114	157	157	114	
Sports, Culture, Archeology & Museum	408	475	414	328	355	318	
Augaf, Hajj, Religious and Minority Affairs	96	96	84	83	92	71	
Inter Provincial Coodrination	12	12	12	11	11	10	
Relief Rehabilitation and Settlement	698	4,887	4,128	151	1,858	975	
Housing Department	9	11	10	7	8	8	
Energy and Power	20	35	34	-	26	23	
Transport	46	54	29	.	9	11	
-	214,181	249,711	162,974	170,559	184,669	123,961	
Expenditure of District Governments	35,620	40,917	40,525	31,142	36,657	35,237	
TOTAL	249,801	290,628	203,499	201,701	221,326	159,198	

The annexed notes 1 to 37 form an integral part of these Financial Statements.



Accountant General Khyber Pakhtunkhwa

Notes to the Financial Statement

For the Year Ended 30 June 2010

1 REPORTING ENTITY

Provincial Government - Khyber Pakhtunkhwa (the Government) conducts its operations under the Rules of Business 1988. These rules were made pursuant to Article 139 of the Constitution of the Islamic Republic of Pakistan, 1973(the Constitution) and envisages Provincial Government as comprising of departments and their attached departments. Financial procedures of the Constitution describes the Government as Provincial Consolidated Fund and Public Account of the Province for which Annual Budget Statement is authorized by the Provincial Assembly in the form of budgetary grants. These Financial Statements focus on reporting the budgetary activity of the Government for the financial year.

Article 170 of the Constitution confers the powers of defining the form, principles and methods of the accounts of the Province to the Auditor General of Pakistan, with the approval of the President. New Accounting Model was prescribed by the Auditor General of Pakistan in 2000 which describes Provincial Government as an accounting and reporting entity comprising of;

- e) Centralized Accounting Entities; for which the Accountant General KP has the primary responsibility for accounting and reporting.
- b) Self Accounting Entities; for which the Principal Accounting Officer has the primary responsibility for accounting and reporting. The Self Accounting Entities are as under:-
 - 1. Public Work Department-Works and Services, Irrigation & Public Health Engineering
 - 2. Environment/Forest/Wildlife Department
- companies which are required to prepare their financial statements under their specific statute or Companies Ordinance, 1984 are classified as exempt entities. Financial statements of these entities are not consolidated in the Financial Statements of the Provincial Government. New investments by the Provincial Government, if any, in the financial year to which they pertain. Return from these entities in the form of dividends or interest is classified as non-tax revenue.

Under Khyber Pakhtunkhwa Local Government Ordinance, 2001, District Governments were established. The District Government consists of Zila Nazim and District Administration. Auditor General of Pakistan under section 114 of the said Ordinance prescribed Local Government Accounts Manual for District Governments. This Manual requires preparation of annual Finance and Appropriation Accounts by each District Government. District Governments Khyber Pakhtunkhwa prepare separate Financial Statements. Local Government Accounts Manual also requires that accounts of the District Governments are consolidated in the Financial Statements of the province. In these Financial Statements, accounts of the following District Governments have been consolidated.

1-	District	Government	Peshawar
----	----------	------------	----------

3- District Government Nowshera

5- District Government Charsadda

7- District Government Mardan

9- District Government Swabi

11- District Government Hangu

13- District Government Swat

15- District Government Malakand

-- District Covernment maran

17- District Government Chitral

19- District Government Dera Ismail Khan

21- District Government Shangla

23- District Government Dir Upper

2- District Government Abbottabad

4 District Government Manshera

6- District Government Kohat

8- District Government Haripur

10- District Government Dir Lower

12- District Government Bannu

14 District Government Buner

16- District Government Battagram

18- District Government karak

20- District Government Tank

22- District Government Lakki Marwat

24 District Government Kohistan

These Financial Statements include all Centralized and Self Accounting Entities and District Governments.

2 BASIS OF CONSOLIDATION

The Financial Statements have been prepared by consolidating the accounts of all Centralized and Self Accounting Entities and twenty four (24) District Governments. Material Inter-governmental transcations such as transfers from Provincial Government-KP which comprises receipts of District Governments have been eliminated in consolidation.

3 STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These Financial Statements have been prepared in accordance with the New Accounting Model (NAM) which comprises of seven volumes. In December 2000, Auditor General of Pakistan prescribed NAM with the approval of the President of Pakistan under Article 170 of the Constitution of Islamic Republic of Pakistan. Implementation of NAM is an ongoing process. However commitment, asset and liability accounting practices have not yet been implemented and memorandum registers for assets and commitments do not exist and accounting of liabilities is not done in accordance with NAM.

4 ACCOUNTING CONVENTION AND BASIS OF CONSOLIDATION

These Financial Statements have been prepared under the Cash Basis of Accounting which recognizes transcations and events only when cash is received or paid by the entity. Assets and Liabilities in the disclosed notes are on a historical cost basis.

These Financial Statements have been prepared as per the requirements of NAM that supports international best practices. The statement of receipt and payments, statements of comparision of budget and actual amounts by function, statements of comparision of budget and actual expenditure by department and notes forming parts thereof have been prepared on the format of Cash Basis IPSAS - Financial Reporting under the Cash Basis of Accounting. The statement of cash flows as required by IPSAS 2- Cash Flow Statements has also been presented, as encouraged by Cash Basis IPSAS.

The Financial Statements for the financial year 2009-10 have been prepared and presented in order to make a fair presentation of all the relevant financial information without making any change in the fundamentals applied and all policies have been applied on a basis consistent with the previous year.

5 REPORTING AND BUDGET PERIOD

The reporting and budget period of these Financial Statements is the financial year 2009-10 (from 1 July, 2009 to 30 June, 2010).

6 REPORTING CURRENCY

The reporting currency of these Financial Statements is Pak Rupees which is Provincial Government's functional and presentation currency.

7 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

7.1. Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognized on the date of receipt of money by the bank or clearance of cheque. Revenue is recognized on a gross basis and any related costs are recorded separately. Receipts representing recovery of any previous overpayment are adjusted against relevant expenditure, if it occurs in the same financial year.

7.2. Recognition of expenditure

Expenditure is recognized on the date when payment is made or cheque is issued. Financial year to which the payments pertain is determined by the date on which a cheque or payment advice is issued. Policies for recognition of expenditure are as follows;

a) Payments made through cheque

Expenditure is recognized on the date the cheque is issued.

b) Inter government transfers

Expenditure is recognized on the date the transfer is made by the transferor.

c) Payments directly in bank accounts

Direct payments into bank account, expenditure is recognized on the date the payment advice is issued to the

d) Direct payments by State Bank of Pakistan (SBP)

Repayment of loans and other direct payments by the SBP, expenditure is recognized on the date State Bank of Pakistan advises the relevant accounting office.

e) Imprest payments

Expenditure is recognized when the required claim vouchers are submitted and imprest account is reimbursed.

7.3. Foreign currency

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded in the books at the rates of exchange prevailing on the date of transaction. Exchange differences arising on settlement of these transactions are recognized in the statement of cash receipts and payments, but are not been disclosed separately.

7.4. Employee benefits

The government has following plans for its employees:

a) General Provident Fund

An employee is compulsory subscribed to the General Provident Fund from the date of appointment and monthly subscription is by way of deduction from monthly payroll at a uniform rate of subscription, as advised by the Government for a financial year as laid down in the Provident Fund Act (XIX of 1925) and General Provident Fund Rules. The Government pays interest on provident fund balance and is recorded as expenditure in the financial year.

b) Pension

The entitlement of Government employees to a stream of payments after they retire from service. No liability for pension is recognized in the Financial Statements and pension payments made during the year are recorded as expenditure.

c) Encashment of leave

This represents liability arising form entitlements to the various forms of leave earned by Government employees. No provision is made and the expenditure is recognized on the basis of payments made during the year.

7.5. Investments

All investments made by the Government are initially measured at cost being the fair value of consideration given plus transaction costs that are directly attributable to their acquisition.

Subsequent to initial recognition, investments are carried at historical cost. Any dividends received against investments are recognized when received in the Provincial Consolidated Fund.

7.6. Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of Cash Flow Statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash with State Bank of Pakistan.

7.7. Liability

Liabilities are future sacrifices of economic benefits that the government is presently obliged to make as a result of the past transaction. All liabilities are recorded at historical cash value.

7.8. Public Debt

Public Debt comprise cash inflows from banks, similar lending agencies, commercial institutions and amounts owing in respect of non-cash assistance provided by third parties and foreign borrowings. All debts raised are classified as either floating or permanent debts depending on the nature of the transaction.

79. Assets

Assets are future economic benefits controlled by the Government as a result of past transactions or other past events. Assets are recorded at cost and currently no depreciation is charged.

7.10. Loan and advances

Loans and Advances include loans and advances due from autonomous bodies, financial and non-financial institutions, to Government servants for housing building, purchase of conveyances and other loans. Loans to Government servants are interest bearing and interest is calculated in accordance with the General Financial Rules.

7.11 Payments by third parties

The Government also benefits from goods and services purchased on its behalf as a result of cash payments made by the third parties during the period by way of loans and contributions, in the shape of grants and aid. The payments made by the third parties do not constitute cash receipts or payments controlled by the Government as defined in the Cash Basis IPSAS - Financial Reporting under the Cash Basis of Accounting but do benefit the Government, as the Government does not receive cash (including cash equivalents) directly from, or gain control of the bank accounts or similar facility established for its benefit, by the thrid parties. Payments by third parties, if any, are disclosed in the payments by third parties column on the face of statement of cash receipts and payments and notes to the Financial Statements.

		Note	Rupees in Million	2009 Rupees in Million
8	TAXATION - TRANSFER FROM FEDERAL GOVERNMENT			
	Direct Taxes Income tax Wealth Tax		30,930	23,089
	Capital Value Tax		246 31,177	23,089
	Indirect Taxes Sales tax Custom duty		27,884 9,650	23,512 8,343
	Federal excise Federal excise on Natural Gas		6,865 286	6,248 149
			75,862	61,341
9	TAXATION - PROVINCIAL GOVERNMENT'S OWN COLLECTION		13,002	01,341
	Direct Taxes Property Tax Land Revenue Tax on Profession, Trade and Callings Capital Value Tax on Immoveable Property		182 572 89 - 843	115 573 92 146
	Indirect Taxes Receipts Under Motor Vehicles Act Stamp Duties Provincial Excise Others Indirect Taxes		834 357 24 269 1,484	700 358 28 290 1,376
10	GENERAL ADMINISTRATION RECEIPTS		2,327	2,302
	Fiscal Administration		80	70
	Community Services		370	240
	Social Services		182	143
	Economic Regulations		12	6
	Law and Order		468	418
	Organs of State		14	24_ 901
			1,120	901

11 ECONOMIC SERVICES RECEIPTS	Note	2010 Rupees in Million	2009 Rupees in Million
Cooperation, Irrigation, Embankment-Drainage Food and Agriculture Fisheries and Animal Husbandry Forest Others		267 101 55 647 183 1,253	220 89 48 595 100 1,052
12 DEVELOPMENT SURCHARGE AND ROYALTI	ES		
Development Surcharge on Gas Royalty on Crude Oil Royalty on Natural Gas	12.1 12.2 12.2	1,026 1,942 1,262 4,230	246 3,112 733 4,091

- 12.1 The development surcharge on natural gas is levied under the Natural Gas Development Surcharge Ordinance, 1967. In pursuance of the said ordinance, the Federal Government has to fix the sale price for the consumers and prescribe a price for the gas companies. The difference between the two prices is the margin available to the Government as development surcharge. The surcharge on natural gas is transferred to the Provinces according to the production of gas in a province.
- 12.2 Royalty on crude oil and natural gas is received under Pakistan Petroleum Production Rules, 1949 at the rate of 12.5% on the well head value of production. Federal Government collects royality on crude oil and natural gas which is transferred to the Provinces on well head production basis after deduction of 2% collection charges.

13	INTEREST ON LOANS AND ADVANCES	Note	2010 Rupees in Million	2009 Rupees in Million
10	Interest on Domestic Loan Interest on Loans and Advances to Govt. Servants Loans and Advances - Others	13.1	14 3 276 293	5 111 116
13.1	Interest On Domestic Loan			
	District Governments Financial Institutions		13 1 14	- - -

		Note	2010 Rupees in Million	2009 Rupees in Million
14	DIVIDEND AND PROFIT SHARE			
	Dividends Receipts Profit share	14.1 14.2	12 17,300 17,312	7 3,500 3,507
14.1	Dividends Receipts			
	Non-Financial Institution		12 12	7
14.2	Profit share			
	Electricity		17,300 17,300	3,500 3,500
15	OTHER RECEIPTS			
16	Unclaimed deposits Receipts under the Mines, Oil-fields and Mineral Arms License Fees Recoveries of Overpayments Sand and quarry fees Sugarcane development cess 5% Collection Charges on Federal Taxes Miscellaneous Receipts GRANTS AND AID		30 543 100 8 21 14 1 149 866	202 285 88 15 14 13 5 135 757
	Development Grants Non-Development Grants		5,299 26,714 32,013	5,517 14,880 20,39 7
17	FOREIGN DEBT - RECEIPTS			
18	Foreign Lenders Federal Government Others DOMESTIC DEBT - RECEIPTS		148 3,555 67 3,770	2,028 797 101 2,926
	Permanent Debt	18.1	49 49	77

^{18.1} This represents borrowings from Federal Government. Repayment period and interest rate for these borrowings is determined in accordance with terms and conditions of each loan.

		Note	2010 Rupees in Million	2009 Rupees in Million
19	RECOVERY OF LOANS AND ADVANCES			
	Financial Institution Non-Financial Institution Government Servants		10 45 17 72	37 56 11 104
20	TRADING ACTIVITIES - RECEIPTS			
	Sale of wheat		13,627	15,377
			13,627	15,377
21	RECEIPTS OF DISTRICT GOVERNMENT			
	Direct Taxes		-	5
	Indirect Taxes		11	20
	Receipts from Civil Administration and Other Functions Grants from Provincial Government		167 40,072	172 34,061
	Miscellaneous Receipts		39	262
	Loans and Advances		4_	4_
	Less: Grants from Provincial Government - KP	21.1	40,293 (40,072)	34,524 (34,061)
			221	463

21.1 Grants received from Provincial Government - KP have been eliminated against transfers to District Governments, while consolidating these accounts, in order to avoid the duplicate effect of receipts and payments.

		2010	2009
		Rupees	Rupees
	Note	in Million	in Million
22 SALARIES AND EMPLOYEE BENEFITS			
Pay of Officers		2,367	2,480
Pay of Other Staff		6,703	5,366
Allowances		11,909	6,529
Retirement Benefits		6,227	6,340
		27,206	20,715

		Note	2010 Rupees in Million	2009 Rupees in Million
23	OPERATING EXPENSES			
	Research Surveys and Exploratory Operations Communication Utilities Occupancy Costs Motor Vehicles Travel and Transporation Scholarships, Bonuses and Other Awards Technical Assistance Entertainments and Gifts Commodity Purchases (State Trading) Repair and Maintenance General Opearting Expenses		230 135 1,063 99 8 3,841 37 - 70 10,982 2,172 14,416	1,254 110 537 87 5 3,156 33 10 48 12,929 2,282 6,758
24	GRANTS, SUBSIDIES AND WRITE-OFF OF LOANS		33,053	27,209
	Grants, Subsidies and Write-off of Loans Less: Transfers to District Governments		43,102 (40,072) 3,030	37,234 (34,061) 3,173
25	PHYSICAL ASSETS			
	Purchase of Building Computer Equipment Other Stores and Stocks Purchase of Transport Purchase of Plant & Machinery Purchase of Furniture and Fixtures Purchase of Other Assets		98 5 11 854 609 21 1,697 3,295	165 1 23 801 432 14 24
26	CIVIL WORKS			
	Roads, Highways and Bridges Irrigation Works Embankments and Drainage Works Building and Structure Other Works Draught Emergency Relief Assistance		7,173 1,738 115 15,164 6,614 61 30,865	6,613 1,839 128 10,716 4,934 197
27	PRINCIPAL REPAYMENT OF DEBT			
	Foreign Debt Domestic Debt	27.1	3,648 3,648	2,065 1,613 3,678

27.1	Domestic Debt	Note	2010 Rupees in Million	2009 Rupees in Million
	Permanent Debt Floating Debt		3,648 - 3,648	613 1,000 1,613
28	SERVICING OF DEBT			
	Foreign Debt Federal Government Domestic Loans		6,711 - 6,711	1,253 4,045 1,100 6,398
29	LOANS AND ADVANCES			
	Financial Institutions Government Employees	29.1	12 38 50	34 34
29.1	Government Employees			
	House Building Advance Motor Car Advance	,	29 9 38	29 5 34
	Advances to government employees are provided according Rules as per their entitlements.	ling to Rule 252, 2	53, 256, 262 and 263 of	the General Financial
20	PAYMENTS OF DISTRICT GOVERNMENTS	Note	2010 Rupees in Million	2009 Rupees in Million
30				
	Revenue Expenditure Capital Expenditure	30.1 30.2	37,747 2,778 40,525	33,143 2,094 35,237

30.1 Revenue Expenditure	Note	2010 Rupees in Million	2009 Rupees in Million
General Public Service Public Order and Safety Affairs Economic Affairs Environment Protection Housing and Community Amenities Health Affairs and Services Recreation, Culture and Religion Education Affairs and Services Social Protection		1,981 18 2,895 20 1,773 4,008 32 26,900 120 37,747	1,792 16 2,579 18 1,582 3,526 29 23,478 123 33,143
30.2 Capital Expenditure General Public Service Economic Affairs Environment Protection Housing and Community Amenities Health Recreation Culture and Religion Education Affairs and Services Social Protection 31 NET RECEIPT / (PAYMENT) OF PUBLIC ACCOUNT		1,335 385 87 923 9 14 15 10 2,778	1,215 206 123 460 7 10 51 22 2,094
Trust & other Public Accounts Special Deposits State Provident Fund Payments Trust & other Public Accounts Special Deposits State Provident Fund		159,340 14,069 7,704 181,113 (149,980) (15,520) (4,594) (170,094)	118,265 13,664 6,866 138,795 (116,520) (13,528) (3,853) (133,901)

31.1 The public Account consists of those moneys received by the Government for which it has a fiduciary duty, but not at liberty to appropriate for the general services of the Government, unless provided under an Act of Provincial Assembly or rules made by Governer. The balances in the Public Account are carried forward at year end, to be used for the specific purpose for which they are established.

		Note	2010 Rupees in Million	2009 Rupees in Million
32	CASH AND BANK			
	Provincial Government Balance District Government Balance	32.1	194 (2,176) (1,982)	(380) (2,236) (2,616)
32.1	Provincial Government's Balance			
	Public Account Balance Consolidated Fund Balance		55,715 (55,521) 194	45,008 (45,388) (380)
33	ASSETS AND LIABILITIES			
	Assets			
	Long Term Assets Investments Loans and Advances Current Assets Cash and Bank	33.1	189,376 14,050 1,852 (7,778) (1,982) 195,518	152,442 2,101 1,848 2,288 (2,616) 156,063
	Liabilities and equity			
	Public Debt Special Deposits and Trust Accounts Deferred Liabilities Residual Equity	34 33.1	38,318 29,647 21,470 106,083 195,518	38,147 31,888 18,251 67,777 156,063

33.1 These Financial Statements have been prepared under the cash basis of accounting, the information of assets and liability have been presented which are not mandatory disclosures as per IPSAS Cash Basis

34 PUBLIC DEBT

Domestic Debt			
Government Securities			
Opening Balance		4,758	6,294
Add: Debt Receipts	18	49	77
Less: Principal Repayments of Debt	27.1	(3,648)	(1,613)
Closing Balance		1,159	4,758
Foreign Debt			
Opening Balance	Γ	33,389	32,528
Add: Debt Receipts	17	3,770	2,926
Less: Principal Repayments of Debt	27	-	(2,065)
Closing Balance		37,159	33,389
	_	38,318	38,147

34.1 The amount of foreign debt is recorded in Pak Rupees at the rate of exchange prevailing on the date of transaction, which is the historical cash value. The foreign debt has not been revalued at the year end in accordance with Government policy stated in note 7.7, nor any foreign debt revaluation exchange differences have been recognized in the financial statment except for principal repayment of foreign debt.

35 COMPARISION OF BUDGET AND ACTUAL AMOUNTS

The approved budget is developed on the same accounting basis (cash basis), functional classification basis and for the same period as for the Financial Statements. It encompasses the same entities as that Financial Statements- as identified in note 1 above.

The Statements of Comparision of Budgeted and Actual Amounts by Function and Actual Expenditure by Department are presented on a gross basis. Grants received by District Governments from Provincial Government- KP have been eliminated against transfers to District Governments in Statement of Cash receipts and payments as explained in note 2 and 21.1 for which a reconciliation is presented below.

		2010	2009
		Rupees	Rupees
	Note	in Million	in Million
Receipts			
Actual Receipts in Statement of Comparision of Budget and			
Actual Amounts by Function		193,114	147,495
Less : Grants from Provincial Government - KP	21	(40,072)	(34,061)
Actual Receipts in Statement of Cash Receipts and Payments		153,042	113,434
Payments			
Actual payments in Statements of Comparision of Budget and			
Actual Amounts by Function and Actual Expenditure by			
Department		203,499	159,198
Less: Transfers to District Governments	24	(40,072)	(34,061)
Actual payments in Statement of Cash Receipts and Payments		163,427	125,137

36 AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUE

Under section 7 of the Auditor General's (Functions, Powers and Terms and Conditions of Service) Ordinance, 2001, read with Article 171 of the Constitution, the Auditor General submits the certified Financial Statements of the Government of Khyber Pakhtunkhwa together with the audit reports on these Financial Statements to the Governer of the province who shall cause them to be laid before the Provincial Assembly. These Financial Statements have been authorized for issue on

37 GENERAL

37.1 Level of Precision

Figures in these consolidated Financial Statements have been rounded off to the nearest million of rupees, unless otherwise stated.

37.2 Corresponding Figures

Corresponding figures, wherever necessary, have been rearranged and reclassified for the purposes of comparison.

